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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/606,461	06/26/2003	Kevin O. Henderson	AVERP3302USB	3494
75	90 07/28/2005		EXAM	INER
William C. Tritt			TARAZANO, DONALD LAWRENCE	
Renner, Otto, Boisselle & Sklar, LLP				
Nineteenth Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1621 Euclid Avenue			1773	
Cleveland, OH 44115			DATE MAILED: 07/28/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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!	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/606,461	HENDERSON, KEVIN O.				
. Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	D. Lawrence Tarazano	1773				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP	IVIS SET TO EXPIRE 2 MC	MTH(S) FROM				
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	l136(a). In no event, however, may a rejepty within the statutory minimum of thirty d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02	<u>May 2005</u> .					
•						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims		•				
4) Claim(s) 39,40,43-45,47 and 63-86 is/are per	nding in the application.	•				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>39,40,43-45, 47 and 63-86</u> is/are re	Claim(s) <u>39,40,43-45, 47 and 63-86</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Application Papers	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.	•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeyand	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing(s	i) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the t	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document of: 2. Certified copies of the priority document of: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of th	nts have been received. nts have been received in Apiority documents have been in au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ımmary (PTO-413)				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	T	/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 39, 40, 43-45, 47 and 63-86 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Fuji et al. (5,026,778).

3. The films contain a blend of polypropylene copolymer (PP-2) having a melt flow index

of 7 g/10 minutes and ethylene-butene (EB-1) or ethylene propylene (EB-2) rubber (TAFMER).

These films contain nucleating agents e.g. Example 11 and are used to produced oriented films.

These blends may be used in multilayer structures.

4. While the applicants claim three layer structures there is nothing that differentiates the

components of the three layers and the core could comprise the same components as the surface

layers. It appears on its face that a three-layer structure made from the polymers in question

would meet the claims.

5. These structures are used in the production of container. The addition of an adhesive

layer to either bond the films to another structure or to close the container would be well within

the ordinary skill in the art.

6. The applicants have claims directed to metallocene-catalyzed polymers, but the prior art

is silent regarding the use of metallocene-catalyzed materials. The TAFMER material, for

example the ethylene-butene copolymer, a low-density plastomer. This material is not unlike a

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metallocene-catalyzed polyethylene, and it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have used a new generation metallocene catalyzed polyethylene in place of them.

This would also be true for the polypropylene materials barring any showing of unexpected results.

- 7. Claims 39, 40, 43-45, 47 and 63-86 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kozimor et al. (6,231,936).
- 8. Kozimor et al. teach blends of polypropylene copolymer, metallocene catalyzed polyethylene and nucleating agents. These blends are used to produce uniaxially oriented films. (column 4, lines 40-67), (column 9, lines 20-21).
- 9. These materials can be used in the production of multilayer article and single layer articles, in which the polymers may be uniaxially oriented.
- 10. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have varied the thickness of the structures produced depending on the end use of the film.
- 11. While the applicants claim three layer structures there is nothing that differentiates the components of the three layers and the core could comprise the same components as the surface layers. It appears on its face that a three-layer structure made from the polymers in question would meet the claims. Minor variations in the components would have been obvious based on the use of the film e.g. the use of slip agents, colorants, etc...
- 12. Since these structures are used for various applications, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have used adhesives where necessary.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 5/2/2005 have been fully considered but they are not 13.

persuasive.

14. The applicants argue that the prior art does not teach the claimed multilayer structure.

The examiner notes that the applicants do not claim the structure in a way that the layers need be

different. Additionally, the prior art does suggest multilayer structures.

The applicants also argue that the prior art does not teach films oriented in the machine 15.

direction. The prior art teaches oriented films and this meets the limitation since an intermediate

product would be uniaxially oriented and furthermore, the applicants do not preclude biaxially

oriented films.

Regarding the use of adhesive layers, the applicants use the term "adhesive layer" 16.

generically. The examiner takes the position that applicants are relying upon the common

knowledge in the art since such a generic term is used. It is clear that one working in the art,

even those of less than ordinary skill in the art, would be well versed in the use of adhesive

layers.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to D. Lawrence Tarazano whose telephone number is (571)-272-

1515. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 to 6:00 (off every other Friday).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carol Chaney can be reached on (571)-272-1284. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

D. Lawrence Tarazano Primary Examiner

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